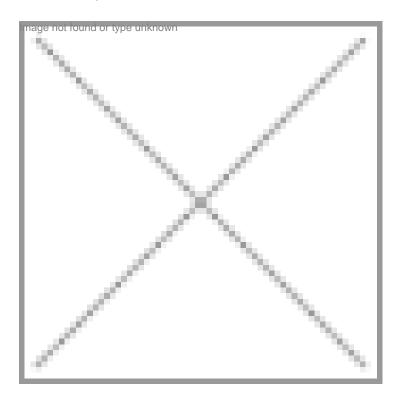


Drugs with LMOs to escape GEAC dragnet

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The Mashelkar task force on recombinant drugs has got off to a flying start with the biotech industry leaders getting a chance to present their case to him in person in the Capital in mid-May. Many of the regulatory bottlenecks, repeatedly highlighted by BioSpectrum in the past 12 months, may be removed faster than expected. This is the message coming out of the first meeting of the Mashelkar Task Force. A Special Report

Makers of recombinant biotherapeutics can breathe easy. Soon they may not have to approach the Genetic Engineering Approval Committee (GEAC) of the Ministry of Environment and Forests (MoEF) for approval of such products. It may remove one layer from the complex regulatory system that exists in India.

In fact, during the meeting it was revealed that GEAC might have taken upon itself the task of regulating recombinant drugs by sheer mistake. GEAC officials argued that they had taken up the job on the basis of a set of guidelines issued by the Department of Biotechnology (DBT) many years ago, which had apparently assigned this task to GEAC.

THE ACCOUNTY OF MK Bhan, admitted that a typed attachment to the RCGM (Review Committee on Genetic Manipulation) many years ago might have caused this misunderstanding. The new co-chairman of GEAC, Dr Asim Ghosh, too admitted that the agency had no rele to play in the committee of recombinant drugs.

Force that the country could tap a huge potential that

Tenested Fines peterrurity Prodintructors and respective the first meeting of Mashelkar Task Force in New Delhi on May 12 that GEA GOWAND COUNTY TO THE PRODUCT OF THE PROD

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Organisms (GMOs) used in these products.

Welcoming Dr Ghosh's proposal, the president of Association of Biotechnology-Led Enterprises (ABLE), Kiran Mazumdar-shaw said that it was equally important for SEAC Gensure that its role was limited to "inactivating" LMOs before they are released in the environment of the president of the control of the c

While this stymies the domestic industry, importers of

Sharialsore uganstean that usual aters per after destricted between recombinant DNA (r-DNA) drugs and conventional drugs in assays the etipical assays the etipical assays the same. There was a the same of the s

hand. Indian manufacturers of the same products had

White this urgry electronic and control to the task force. He reiterated the priorities of GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated the great that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He reiterated that GEAC in his presentation to the task force. He

demanded.GEAC secretary DD Verma retorted that

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already in the marketplace in the country of origin,

TWBⁱFerindianto LME-Butticientotale ହାଇନି ପିଞ୍ଚଳ ବିଦେଶ ବିଜିନ୍ତି । what other supporters too. Director-general of Indian Council of <mark>Medetal ହିନ୍ତି ବିଧାରଣ (RCMR) Dr NK Ganguly informed the ta</mark>sk force that non-LMO based recombinant products could be approved by the Drug Controller General of India (DCGI).

Dr Ganguly also informed that DCGI and ICMR have acquired the expertise to regulate recombinant therapeutics. The government is setting up a testing lab at a cost of Rs 3.6 crore at the National Institute of Biologicals (NIB) for these products. A special committee has also been set up under DCGI to handle recombinant drug products.

He clearly stressed the fact that GEAC had no role to play in the drug approval process and further Schedule Y of Drugs and Cosmetics Act had been modified to reflect recombinant products.

The Drug Controller Dr Ashwini Kumar told the Task Force that it was essential to treat recombinant drugs similar to other drugs and there was no requirement to evaluate these products on the lines of genetically modified crops and LMO-based end products. He reasoned that the two other regulatory agencies—the Institutional Biosafety Committee and the Review Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) were already doing the job of evaluating the safety aspects of the use of LMOs and environmental contamination of these in the drug manufacturing processes.

Another key industry supporter was DBT secretary Dr MK Bhan. He emphasized the need to set up a single regulatory agency to handle recombinant drugs. Dr Bhan indicated that there was a need to set up a comprehensive, extensive and integrated regulatory agency that had a high level of expertise to evaluate, approve and regulate recombinant drugs in a dedicated manner. This was the system followed by Federal Drug Agency (FDA) of the US.

Some highlights of various presentations at the Task Force

Dr MK Bhan

The DBT secretary said that the biotech industry did not have comprehensive documentation to reflect a professional level of product development evaluation. He suggested that it should be made mandatory to encourage industries to have a "Product Development Plan".

Dr Mashelkar's Response: This would be an ideal model but would require an evolutionary process to get there as it might require time and a change in mindset.

Kiran Mazumdar-Shaw, President, ABLE and CMD, Biocon, Bangalore:

The ABLE president highlighted five key problems facing the industry in this area. These are:

• Multiple regulators

• Multiple ministries

• Lack of coordination between regulators

• Overlapping and duplication of responsibilities of these regulators

• Lack of linear progression in the approval process

She wanted a clear flow-chart for the regulatory process. She also stressed the importance to have clear time lines for product approvals.

Mahima Datla, Nominee of FICCI and VP, Biological E, Hyderabad:

She supported Dr Bhan's suggestion and said the industry was looking forward to a system that simplified the regulatory approval procedure by having a single licensing authority to issue all licenses and permissions pertaining to recombinant drugs. There was also no need to reinvent the wheel in terms of evaluation procedures as there was exhaustive information available from the World Health Organization (WHO), US FDA and other international regulatory agencies that are much ahead in terms of regulatory procedures for recombinant drugs.



Dr Sandhya Tewari and DB Patankar, Cll:

CII representatives felt that a biotech drug was essentially a drug and therefore the clinical trials should be supervised by the DCGI. The RCGM should be responsible for research and manufacturing. It was also important to clearly demarcate the roles and responsibilities of each regulatory agency to ensure that there was no overlap or duplication. Dr Tewari said it was critical to ensure that only experts evaluated the drug applications. Professional experts should be part of the evaluation committees. CII presented a comprehensive paper delineating the various roles of regulatory agencies.

Overall, the first meeting of the Task Force had been useful for the biotech industry. In fact, Dr Mashelkar indicated that the meeting provided valuable inputs on the role of GEAC in regulating LMOs. The industry is hopeful that Dr Mashelkar's reports will herald a new era in the Indian biotech sector.

The Task Force chairman, Dr RA Mashelkar, director-general, CSIR, has asked Dr Bhan to make a separate presentation on the need for a "Biotech Regulatory Authority."

The task force is expected to submit the report by July-end. Dr Mashelkar had indicated that he might hold another meeting with industry leaders and also consult at least 50 experts before submitting his report.

N Suresh

The tasks before the Task Force

The tasks before the Task Force

The Genetic Engineering Approval Committee (GEAC), which is a key biotech regulatory agency, is part of the Ministry of Environme Prodipto Ghosh, had made a comprehensive presentation on the current and desired regulatory framework for recombinant therapeus streamlined, hassle-free environment for regulatory approvals.

His suggestions to make this happen include:

• To identify bottlenecks and constraints

• To recommend transparent and streamlined procedures for regulatory approvals

• To identify the perceived problems faced by the biotech industry

• To address issues pertaining to the uncertainty of timelines in the regulatory approval process

• To understand the existing regulatory rules for product and process approvals

• To clarify the decision making process in the approval procedure by clearly demarcating the responsibilities of the various regular

• To address the complaints received from industry with respect to the infrequency of GEAC meetings

• To address suggestions made by industry to represent themselves at GEAC meetings

• To address complaints received from industry with respect to GEAC reacting to third party/media reports without verifying the fa

Many of the issues have recently been addressed by the regulator. He outlined these proactive measures:

• GEAC has eliminated the unpredictability of its meetings by meeting on the second Wednesday of every month. This has becon

• GEAC has addressed the transparency issue by posting all the decisions taken at GEAC meetings on its website

• GEAC has started inviting industry representatives to be present at GEAC meetings to clarify any issues that may raised at thes eliminate delays

• A Task Force on agri biotech products under the chairmanship of Prof. MS Swaminathan was set up and the task force has sub this sector.